

# Roadmapping

**Break-out Groups: Policy Planning Methods and How They Can Be Used in Policy-making**

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ESDN Conference  
Prague, 22-23 June 2017

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- **Contents of this break-out session:**

Introduction to Roadmapping	20 mins
Group exercise	40 mins
Discussions and conclusions	15 mins

## What is Roadmapping?

- Strategic planning and action-oriented tool
  - Create and deliver strategies or innovations at various levels
    - **Organizational level**
    - **Industry level**
  - Visual tool for:
    - Graphical representation, framework of the topic of interest
    - Structured view on the given topic
  - Communicate the strategy to wider audience
  - Monitor the progress of the strategy

## What is Roadmapping?

- **In foresight context:**

- Forward-looking/foresight method
- Participatory, semi-quantitative approach
  - Normative (drives the user to the vision/goal)
  - Exploratory (following the possible technological developments)

## Some definitions

- *"A roadmap is an extended look at the future for a chosen field of enquiry composed from the collective knowledge and imagination of the brightest drivers of change in that field."*

*(Galvin 1998)*

- *„(Technology) roadmap is a tool that brings important support to the innovation manager, letting them define the firm’s technological evolution in advance. The tool takes the relationship between **technologies**, their **products** and **services** as well as the relationship with the **target markets** into account.*

*Roadmaps communicate **visions**, attract **resources** from business and government, stimulate investigations and **monitor** progress. They become the inventory of possibilities for a particular field..."*

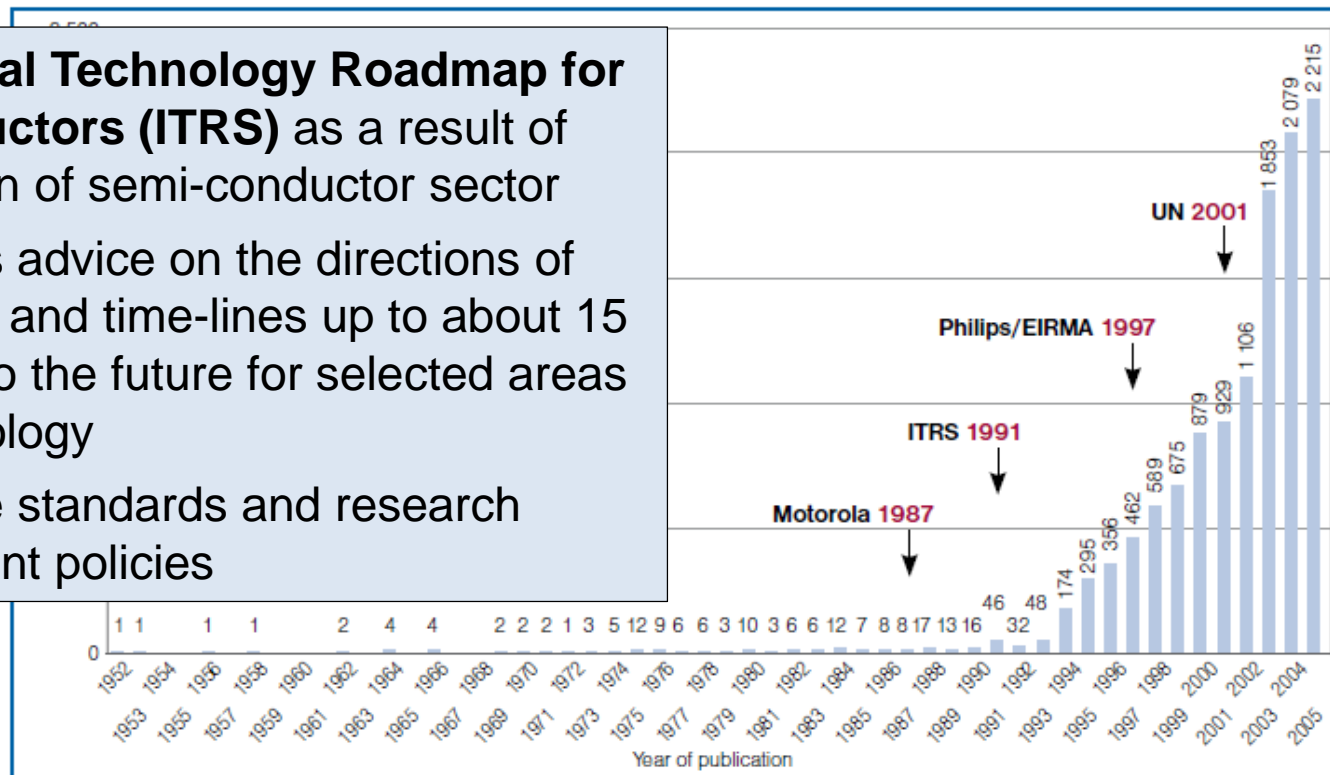
*(Dornberger 2009)*

## Roadmapping – history

- Originated in the business sector in the late 1940s
  - Support to technology or innovation management

**International Technology Roadmap for Semiconductors (ITRS)** as a result of collaboration of semi-conductor sector

- Business advice on the directions of research and time-lines up to about 15 years into the future for selected areas of technology
- Influence standards and research investment policies

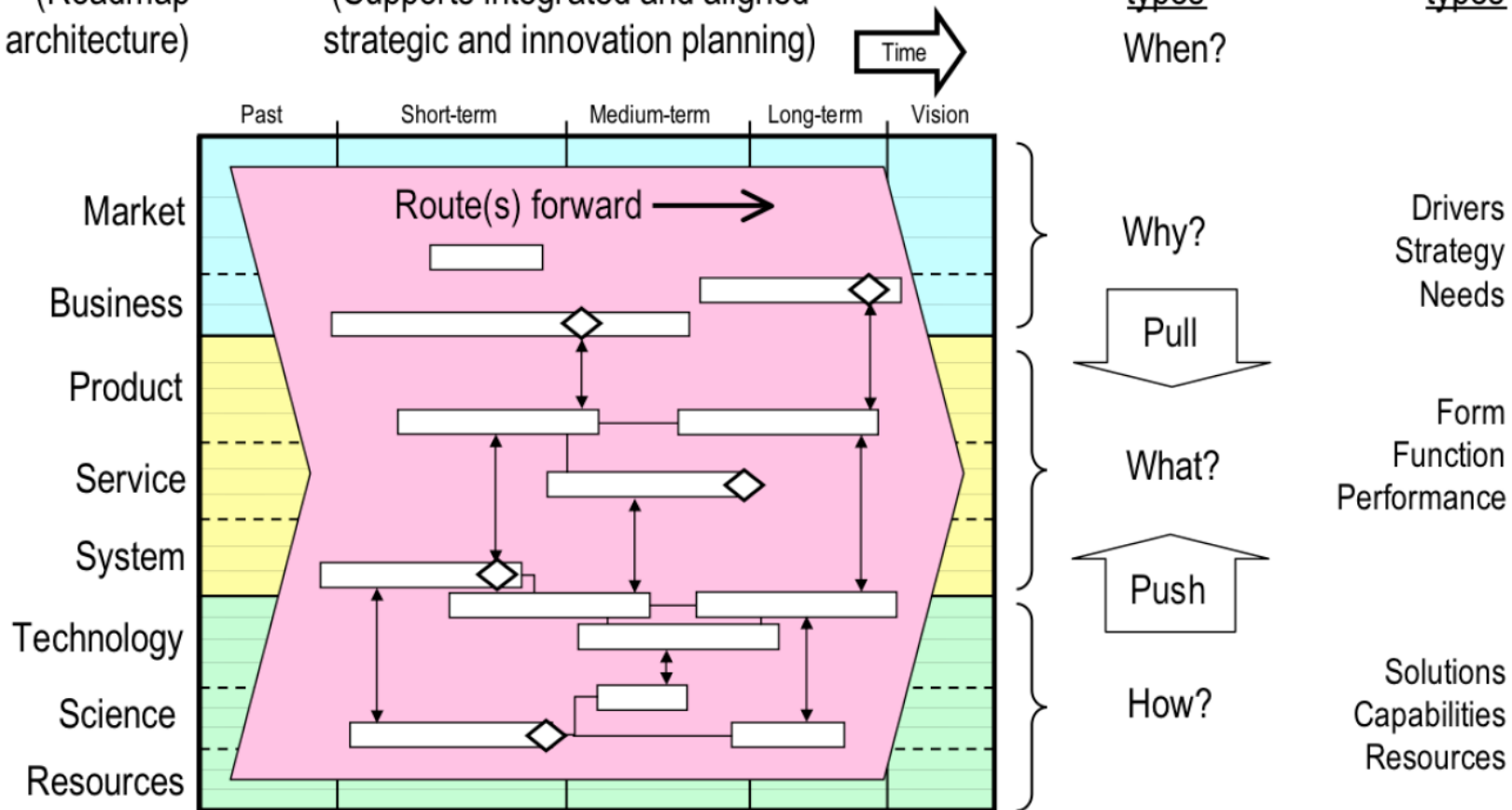


- Wide-spread use of roadmapping in the private and public sector
  - Many different:
    - Approaches for developing roadmaps
    - Representational formats
  - High flexibility of roadmapping, ability to be adopted to various contexts
  - Confusing/blurred picture of the status of roadmapping as a management technique

Roadmap framework  
(Supports integrated and aligned strategic and innovation planning)

## Information types

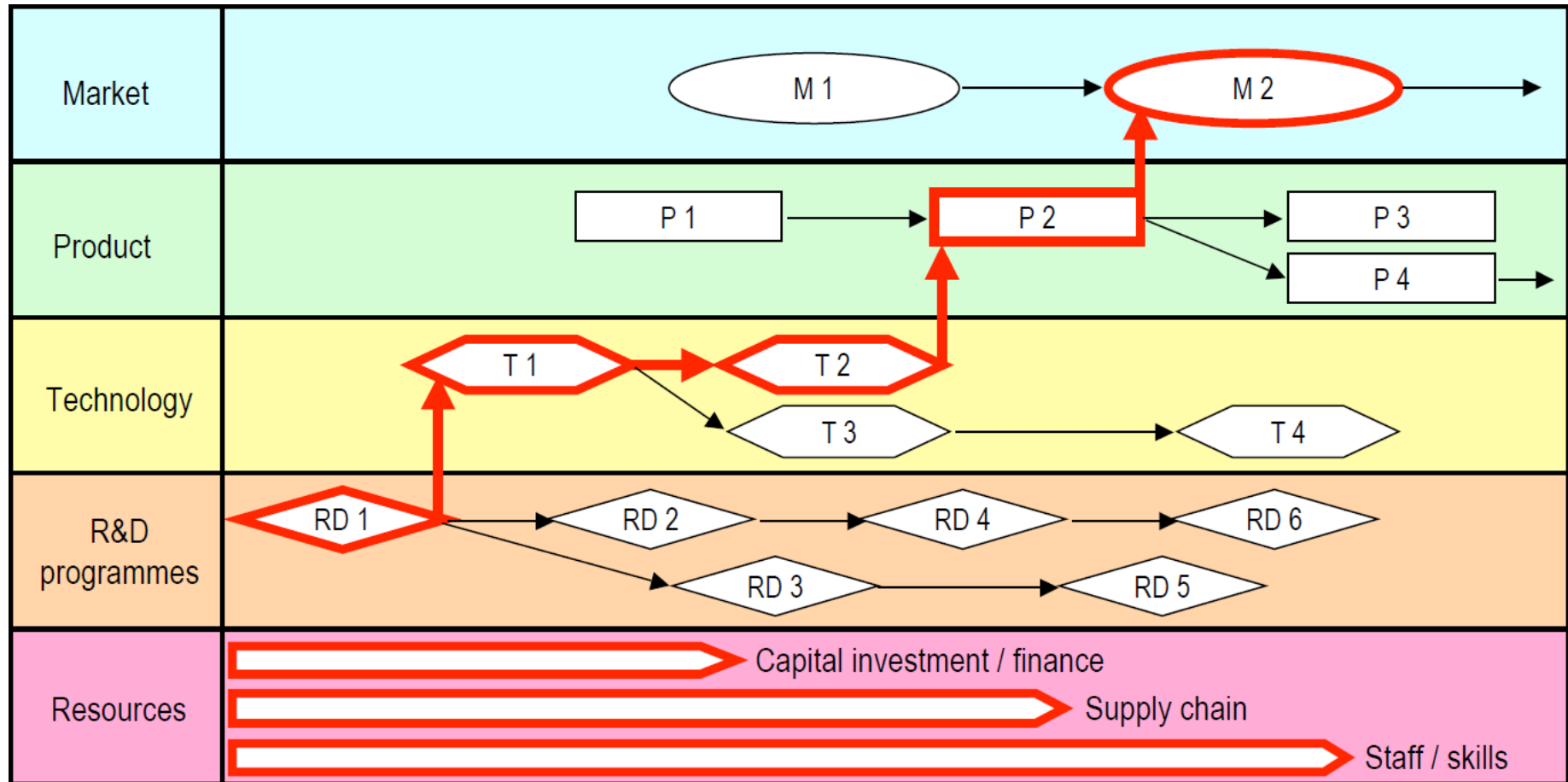
Technology  
& research  
perspectives



Three key questions:      2) Where are we now?      3) How can we get there?      1) Where do we want to go?



# Technology Roadmapping

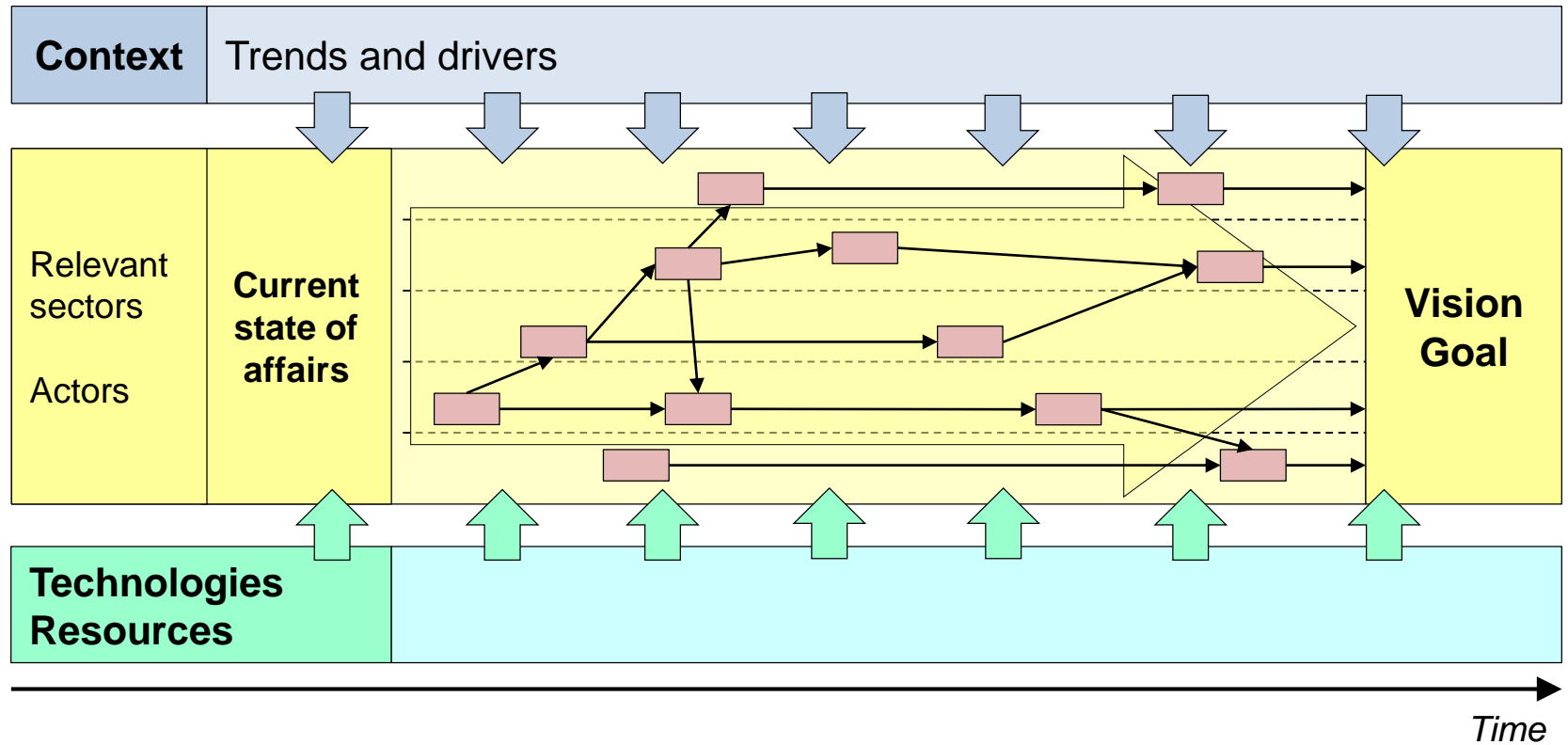


## Roadmapping in the Public Sector

### **Application of roadmapping in the public sector? YES**

- E.g. US Department of Energy  
Ministry of Industry, Canada  
Various public bodies in United Kingdom
- Provision of intelligence to support the policy-making process (leading to e.g. optimization of public R&D investments and ensure their relevance to society)
  - Adoption of (technology) roadmaps designed by certain industries into policies
  - Public sector as a manager of the roadmapping process
- Adjustment of the technology roadmaps to the purpose of policy-making

## Roadmapping in the Public Sector



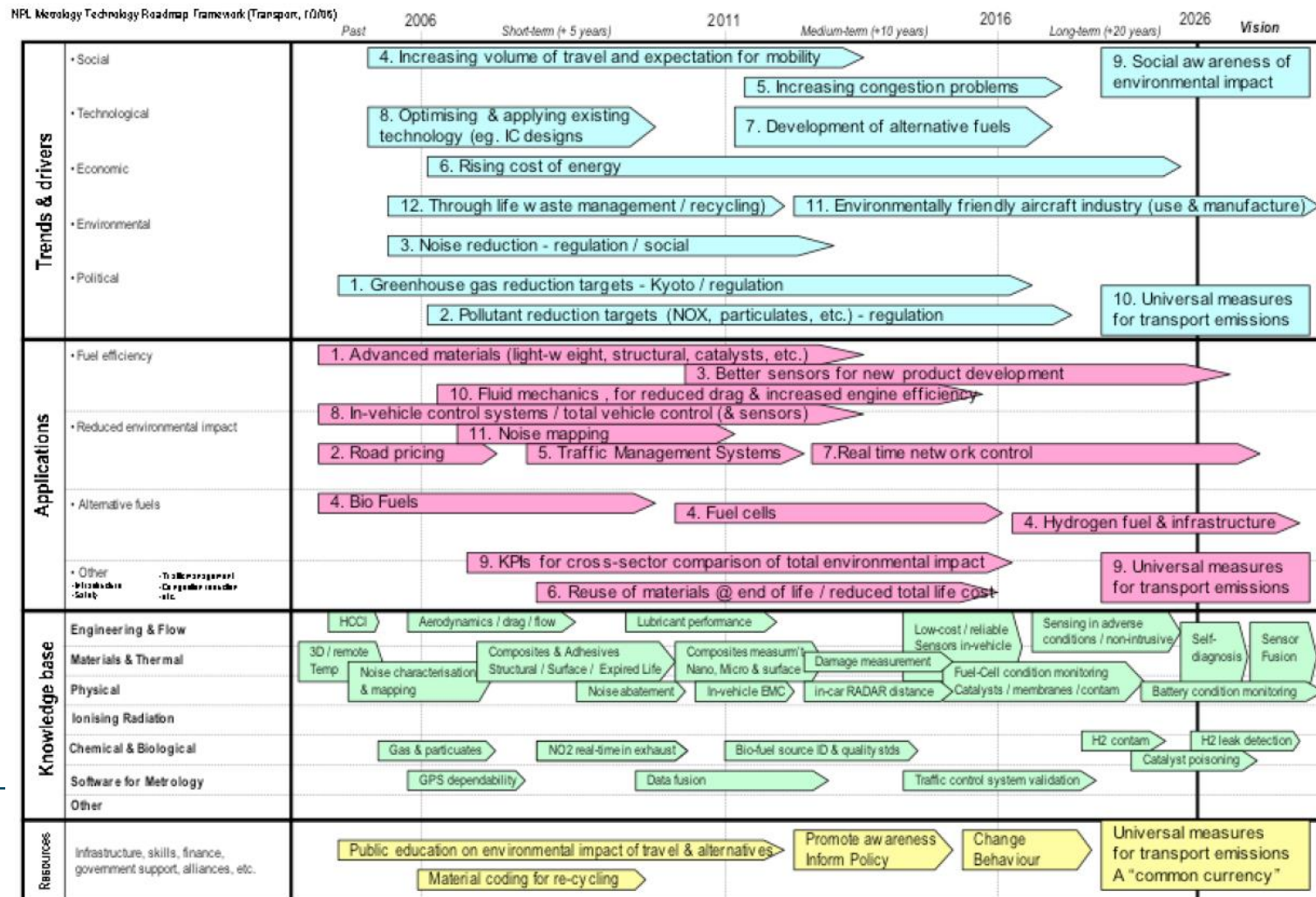
### **The Measurement and Standards for Emerging Technologies (MSET) 2006**

*([www.technology-roadmaps.co.uk](http://www.technology-roadmaps.co.uk))*

- Identification of technology needs and research themes in a number of key UK sectors:
  - Environmentally friendly transport
  - Secure environment
  - Sustainable consumption & production
  - Emerging energy technologies
  - Healthcare & bio-science
  - Intelligent connected world
  - Design, engineering & advanced manufacture
  - Built environment

# Roadmapping in the Public Sector

## Executive summary roadmap for Environmentally friendly transport



# Planning for Roadmapping

## Context

- Exploration of the issue
- Defining scope and aim
- Identification of key actors/people involved

## Architecture

- Design of the roadmap (timeframe, structure)
- Defining a common framework/language

## Process

- Set of activities to built a roadmap content
- Activities to make decisions, identify and agree actions and maintain the roadmap

## Roadmapping Process

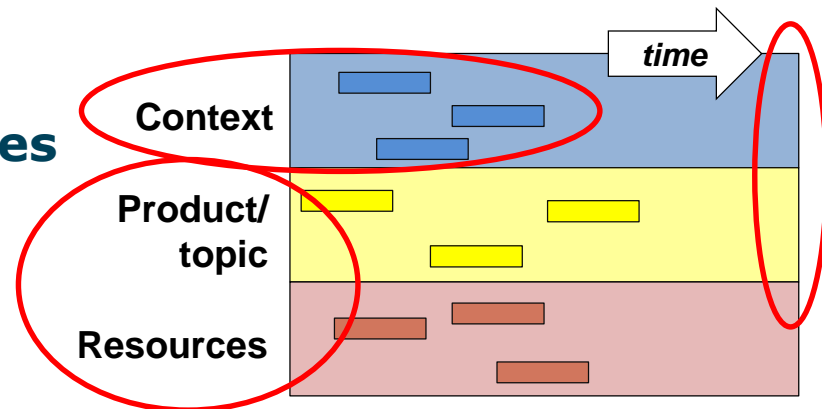
- Participatory approach (workshops with selected key actors)
- Iterative, continuous activity, update

### Step 1: Strategic Landscape

- Identification and prioritization of key current and anticipated trends and drivers, constraints, assumptions

### Step 2: Clarify vision and objectives

- Clear definition of the vision or goal
- Quantification

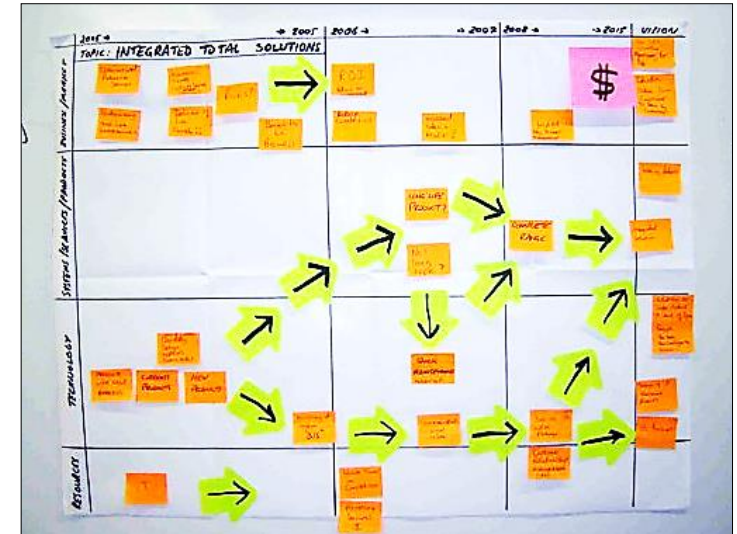
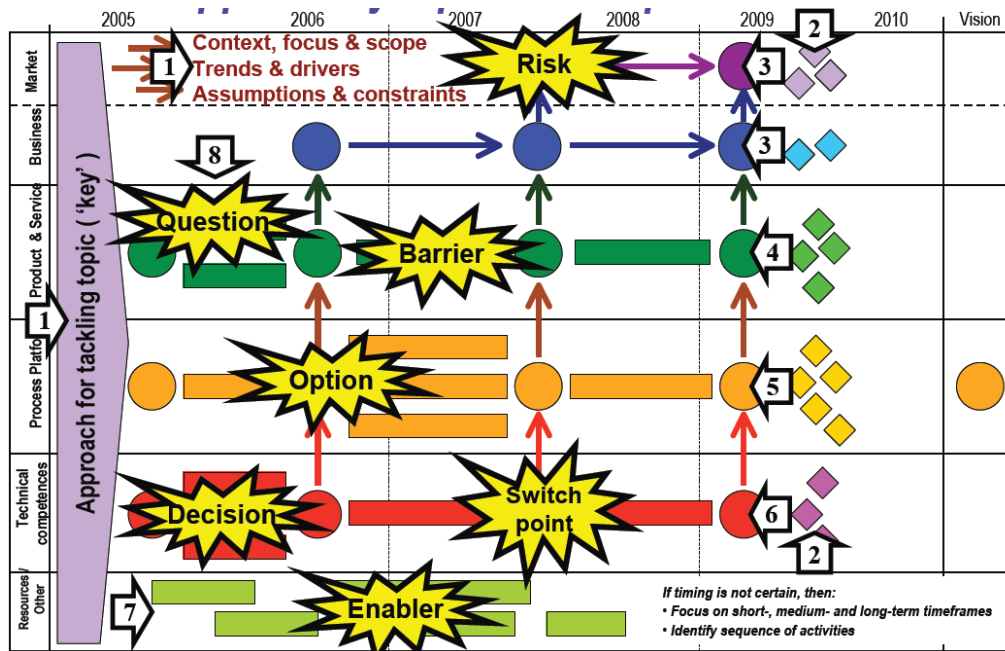


### Step 3: Summarization of current situation

- Assessment of current capacities, resources, state-of-the-art

## Step 4: Roadmapping

- Structuring to map the route forward



## Step 5: Highlighting

- Key milestones along the way
- Also risks, barriers, enablers, options, decision points, knowledge gaps, ...



### **Step 6: Communication and implementation**

- Shared understanding and commitment of the users/producers
- Assigned tasks, responsibilities, deadlines
- Visual presentation of the roadmap
  - Development of a strategic narrative
  - Allows for monitoring of the progress
- Iterative process – need for constant update

### **Critical factors for a successful implementation:**

- Roadmap embedded in a broader policy strategy, existing network
  - The importance of a momentum, creating a sense of urgency
  - High level of commitment: involvement of the „right“ people, clear link to decision-makers
  - Maintaining a degree of flexibility
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# Visualizing Roadmaps

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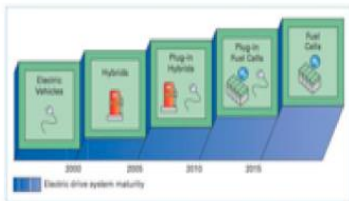


Figure 8-4: Electric vehicle progression from today through 2015.

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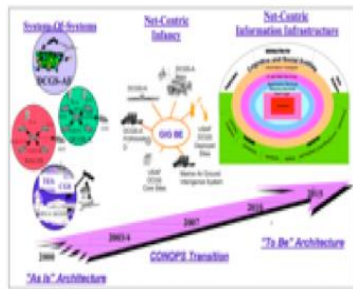
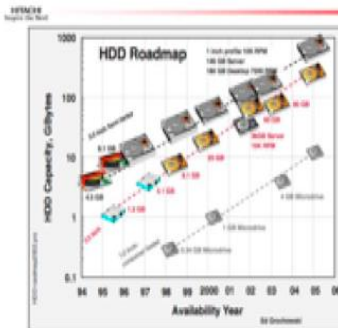
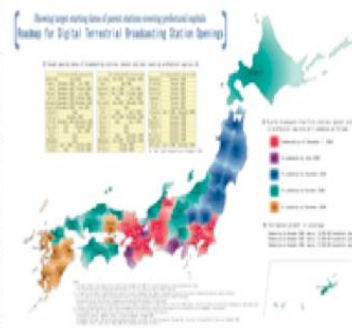


FIGURE H-1: TPPU-Transforming DCGS to Net-Centricity

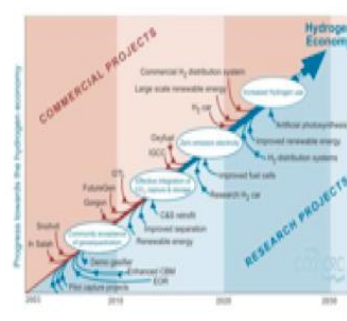
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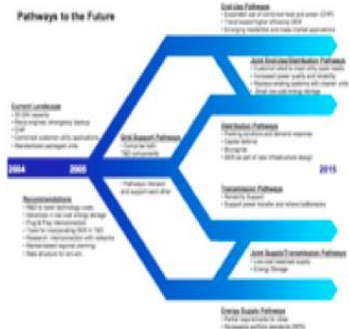
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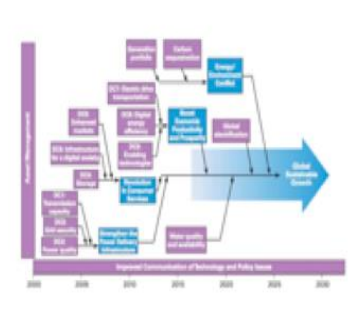
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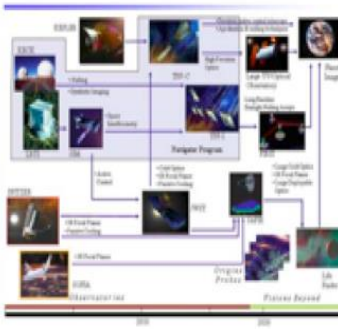
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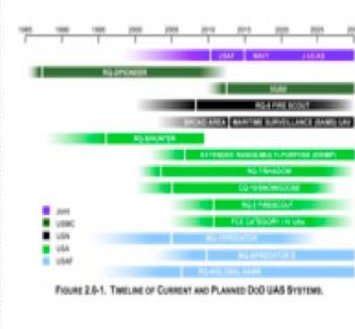
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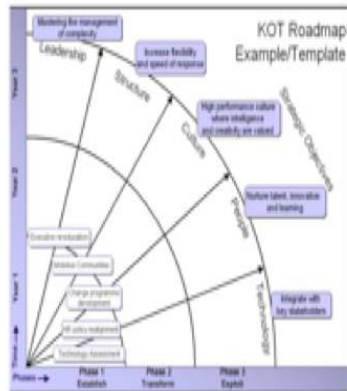


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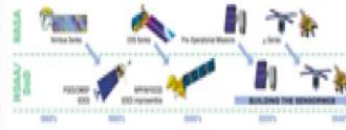
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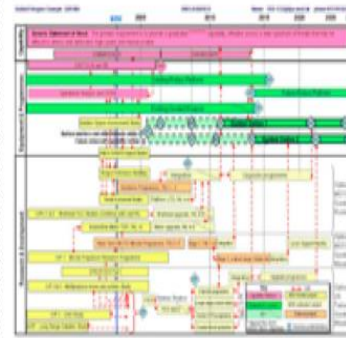
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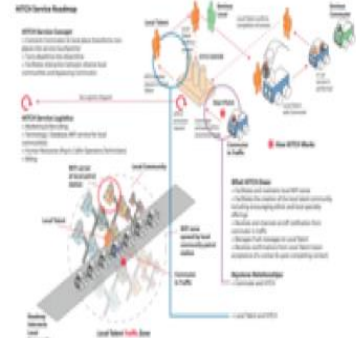
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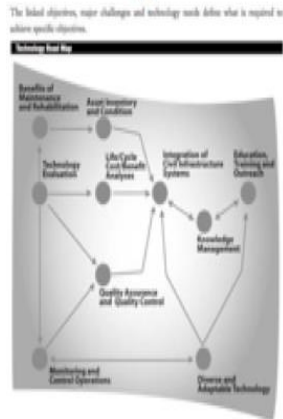


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Figure 16: Application roadmap for expert system

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## Group Exercise on Roadmapping

### Goal:

- Framing the selected topic for roadmapping



### Sustainable cities and communities

Provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable **transport systems** for all, improving **road safety**, notably by expanding **public transport**, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons

- Indicator: Proportion of population that has convenient access to public transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities

- Territorial level: Europe
- Time-horizon: 2030

## Group Exercise on Roadmapping

### In 3 working groups:

1. Identification of **sectors** (and **actors** within the sectors) relevant to achievement of the Sustainable Development Goal 11.2

	2017	2020	2025	2030	VISION
<b>Trends and Drivers</b>	Social Political Economic Environmental Other				
<b>Relevant Sectors</b>					
<b>Technologies</b>	Transport Security IT Electronics Other				
<b>Resources</b>	EU programmes Networks Municipalities				

2. Identification of main **technologies** and **resources**

*If there's some time left:*

3. Identification of main **risks** and **barriers** along the way

## Roadmapping

**Thank you  
and let's get to work!**

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